

••••••••••

Transocean Ltd. Investor Relations and Corporate Communications

News Release

Analyst Contacts: Thad Vayda +1 713-232-7551

> Diane Vento +1 713-232-8015

> > FOR RELEASE: February 18, 2014

Media Contact: Guy A. Cantwell +1 713-232-7647

TRANSOCEAN LTD. PROVIDES FLEET UPDATE SUMMARY

ZUG, SWITZERLAND—February 18, 2014—Transocean Ltd. (NYSE: RIG) (SIX: RIGN) today issued a monthly Fleet Update Summary which includes new contracts, significant changes to existing contracts, and changes in estimated planned out-of-service time of 15 or more days since January 16, 2014. The total value of new contracts since the January 16, 2014 Fleet Status Report is approximately \$66 million.

Estimated 2014 out-of-service time increased by a net 150 days, including 91 days primarily associated with customer-requested and substantially reimbursed upgrades on the *GSF Galaxy I*; and 45 days on the *M.G. Hulme*, principally for preparation in advance of anticipated contracts.

Other items include:

- *Discoverer Seven Seas* Inpex exercised a one-well option offshore Indonesia at a dayrate of \$500,000. In addition, the rig was awarded a one-well contract by an undisclosed customer at a dayrate of \$400,000.
- The company sold the high-specification jackup, *GSF Monitor*, which was previously held for sale. The details of the transaction have not been disclosed.

The report can be accessed at www.deepwater.com by selecting the Fleet Status Report link in the toolbar.

Forward-Looking Statements

The statements described in this press release that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements which could be made include, but are not limited to, estimated duration of customer contracts, contract dayrate amounts, future contract commencement dates and locations, planned shipyard projects and other out of service time, and sales of drilling units. These include but are not limited to operating hazards and delays, risks associated with international operations, actions by customers and other third parties, the future prices of oil and gas and other factors, including those discussed in the company's most recent Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 and in the company's other filings with the SEC, which are available, without charge, on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or the

other consequences of such a development worsen, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those indicated or expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the company or to persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by reference to these risks and uncertainties. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of the particular statement, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements. All non-GAAP financial measure reconciliations to the most comparative GAAP measure are displayed in quantitative schedules on the company's website at <u>www.deepwater.com</u>.

This press release or referenced documents does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities, and it does not constitute an offering prospectus within the meaning of article 652a or article 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations or a listing prospectus within the meaning of the listing rules of the SIX Swiss Exchange. Investors must rely on their own evaluation of Transocean Ltd. and its securities, including the merits and risks involved. Nothing contained herein is, or shall be relied on as, a promise or representation as to the future performance of Transocean Ltd.

About Transocean

Transocean is a leading international provider of offshore contract drilling services for oil and gas wells. The company specializes in technically demanding sectors of the global offshore drilling business with a particular focus on deepwater and harsh environment drilling services, and believes that it operates one of the most versatile offshore drilling fleets in the world.

Transocean owns or has partial ownership interests in, and operates a fleet of, 79 mobile offshore drilling units consisting of 46 high-specification floaters (ultra-deepwater, deepwater and harsh-environment drilling rigs), 22 midwater floaters and 11 high-specification jackups. In addition, the company has seven ultra-deepwater drillships and five high-specification jackups under construction.

For more information about Transocean, please visit the company's website at <u>www.deepwater.com</u>.

Fleet Status Update February 18, 2014



Transocean Ltd. (NYSE: RIG), (SIX: RIGN)



Updated: February 18, 2014 Revisions Noted in Bold Dynamically positioned ★

Rig Type/Name	Footnote References	Floater Type	Dynamically Positioned	Yr. ⁽¹⁾ Entered Service	Water Depth (Feet)	Drilling Depth (Feet)	Location Cu			Expiration	Dayrate on Current Contract ⁽³⁾ (Dollars)	Dayrate on Previous Contract ⁽³⁾ (Dollars)	Estimated Out of Service Days ⁽⁴⁾			
								Customer	Estimated Contract Start Date ⁽²⁾				Q1	2014 Q2	4 Q3	Q4
High Specification Floater: Ultra-Deepwater																
Discoverer Clear Leader	(6), (12) (6), (8)	ship	*	2009	12,000	40,000	USGOM USGOM	Chevron Chevron	Sep-09 Sep-14	Sep-14 Aug-18	571,000 590,000	503,000 571,000	-	21	-	-
Discoverer Spirit	(6)	ship	*	2000	10,000	35,000	USGOM	Anadarko	Jul-12	Aug-14	557,000	546,000	-	-	33	51
Deepwater Millennium	(7) (7)	ship	*	1999	10,000	30,000	Australia Australia	Woodside Woodside	Feb-14 Feb-15	Feb-15 Feb-16	597,000 608,000	570,000 597,000	72	-	-	-
GSF Development Driller II	(6)	semi	*	2005	7,500	37,500	USGOM	BP	Nov-08	Mar-14	603,000	208,000	-	20	-	-
High Specification Floater: Deepwater																
Discoverer Seven Seas		ship	*	1976/1997	7,000	25,000	Indonesia TBA	Inpex TBA	Jun-13 Jul-14	Jun-14 Sep-14	500,000 400,000	490,000 500,000	-	-	10	-
M.G. Hulme, Jr.	(7)	semi		1983/1996	5,000	25,000	India	ONGC	Sep-11	Feb-14	186,000	N/A	21	24	-	-
Midwater Floaters																
Transocean Driller	(7), (8)	semi		1991	3,000	25,000	Brazil	Petrobras	Jul-10	Jul-16	263,000	116,000	-	-	-	-
Sedco 714	(7)	semi		1983/1997	1,600	25,000	UKNS	Total	Dec-12	Apr-14	399,000	398,000	-	83	37	-
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Jul-14	Jul-15	437,000	399,000				
	(7)	•		4070/4000	4 500	05 000	UKNS	Total	Jul-15	Dec-15	444,000	437,000				
Sedneth 701	(7)	semi		1972/1993	1,500	25,000	Nigeria	NPDC	Sep-12	Sep-14	311,000	275,000	-	35	-	-
High Specification Jackups - See Footnote 13																
GSF Galaxy I	(7)			1991/2001	400	30,000	UKNS	Total	Apr-14	Jun-14	215,000	133,000	90	22	-	-
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Jun-14	Aug-14	218,000	215,000				
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Aug-14	Feb-15	221,000	218,000				
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Feb-15	Aug-15	225,000	221,000				
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Aug-15	Feb-16	228,000	225,000				
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Feb-16	Aug-16	232,000	228,000				
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Aug-16	Feb-17	235,000	232,000				
GSF Galaxy II	(7)			1998	400	30,000	UKNS	GDF Suez	Mar-14	May-14	191,000	190,000	14	-	-	-
	(7)						UKNS	GDF Suez	May-14	Aug-14	210,000	191,000				
	(7)			4000	100	00.000	UKNS	GDF Suez	Aug-14	Mar-15	220,000	210,000				
GSF Galaxy III	(6), (7)			1999	400	30,000	UKNS	Nexen	Jul-13	May-14	226,000	146,000	-	-	50	39

Fixed-Price Options - See Footnote 10

High Specification Floater: Deepwater											
Discoverer Seven Seas	ship	*	1976/1997	7,000	25,000	TBA TBA	TBA TBA	Sep-14 Oct-14	Oct-14 Dec-14	400,000 400,000	400,0 400,0

00,000 00,000



Footnotes

- (1) Dates shown are the original service date and the date of the most recent upgrade, if any.
- (2) Estimated Contract Start and Estimated Expiration Dates are calculated as follows: (1) for events estimated to occur between the 1st and 15th of a month, the previous month is reported (i.e. a contract which is estimated to cocur between the 16th and the end of a month, the actual month is reported (i.e. a contract which is setimated to cocur between the 16th and the end of a month, the actual month is reported (i.e. a contract which is estimated to cocur between the 16th and the end of a month, the actual month is reported (i.e. a contract which is estimated to commence on May 24, 2013 will be reported as commencing in April 2013) and (2) for events estimated to accur between the 16th and the end of a month, the actual month is reported (i.e. a contract which is estimated to commence on May 24, 2013 will be reported as commencing in May 2013). Expiration dates represent the company's current estimate of the earliest date the contract for each rig is likely to expire. Some rigs have two or more contracts in continuation, so the last line shows the estimated earliest availability. Many contracts permit the customer to extend the contract.
- (3) Represents the full operating dayrate, although the average dayrate over the term of the contract will be lower and could be substantially lower. Does not reflect incentive programs which are typically based on the rig's operating performance against a performance curve. Please refer to the "Customer Contract Duration and Dayrates and Risks Associated with Operations" section of the Disclaimers & Definitions for a description of dayrates. This column may not reflect the rate currently being received under the contract as a result of an applicable standby rate or other rate, which typically is less than the contract dayrate.
- (4) The out of service time represents those days where a rig is scheduled to be out of service and not be available to earn an operating dayrate. Please refer to the "Out of Service Days (Shipyards, Mobilizations, Demobilizations, Contract Preparation)" section of the Disclaimers & Definitions for a full description.
- (5) Estimated Average Contract Dayrate is defined as the average contracted full operating dayrate to be earned per revenue earning day. See note (3) for definition of full operating dayrate.
- (6) Reflects the current contracted dayrate which could reflect prior cost escalations and could change in the future due to further cost escalations.
- (7) Reflects the current contracted dayrate which is comprised of a foreign currency component and which could change due to foreign exchange adjustments.
- (8) Current contract provides for a bonus incentive opportunity not reflected in the stated current contract dayrate.
- (9) For the period of time that this rig is contracted to Applied Drilling Technology International, the drilling management services division of the company's U.K. operating subsidiary, accounting rules require that we eliminate the revenues and costs related to those contracts from the contract drilling segment of the consolidated statement of operations. Revenues from turkey contracts will be recognized in other revenues and are contingent upon successful completion of the well program.
- (10) Fixed price options may be exercised at the customer's discretion. During periods when dayrates on new contracts are increasing relative to existing contracts, the likelihood of customers' exercising fixed price options increases. During periods when dayrates on new contracts are decreasing relative to existing contracts, the likelihood of customers' exercising fixed price options declines.
- (11) The contract is expected to start in the quarter indicated. Factors that could influence the contract start date include shipyard delivery, customer acceptance, and mobilization to operating location, among others.
- (12) Until August 2012, the contract dayrate was \$469,000, subject to cost escalation. The dayrate for the remainder of the contract is linked to the standard West Texas Intermediate crude oil price with a floor of \$40 per barrel resulting in a contract dayrate of \$400,000 and a ceiling of \$70 per barrel resulting in a contract dayrate of \$500,000, subject to cost escalation.
- (13) The company sold the high-specification jackup, GSF Monitor, which was previously held for sale. The details of the transaction have not been disclosed.



DISCLAIMERS & DEFINITIONS

The information contained in this Fleet Status Report (the "Information") is as of the date of the report only and is subject to change without notice to the recipient. Transocean Ltd. assumes no duty to update any portion of the Information.

DISCLAIMER. NEITHER TRANSOCEAN LTD. NOR ITS AFFILIATES MAKE ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE) REGARDING THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT, WHICH INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS." Neither Transocean Ltd. nor its affiliates will be liable to any recipient or anyone else for any inaccuracy, error or omission, regardless of cause, in the information set forth in this report or for any damages (whether direct or indirect, consequential, punitive or exemplary) resulting therefrom.

No Unauthorized Publication or Use. All information provided by Transocean in this report is given for the exclusive use of the recipient and may not be published, redistributed or retransmitted without the prior written consent of Transocean.

Customer Contract Duration, Timing and Dayrates and Risks Associated with Operations. The duration and timing (including both starting and ending dates) of the customer contracts are estimates only, and customer contracts are subject to cancellation, suspension and delays for a variety of reasons, including some beyond the control of Transocean. Also, the dayrates set forth in the report are estimates based upon the full contractual operating dayrate. However, the actual average dayrate earned over the course of any given contract will be lower and could be substantially lower. The actual average dayrate will depend upon a number of factors (rig downtime, suspension of operations, etc.) including some beyond the control of Transocean. Our customer contracts and operations are generally subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and we urge you to review the description and explanation of such risks and uncertainties in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which are available free of charge on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. The dayrates do not include revenue for mobilizations, demobilizations, upgrades, shipyards or recharges.

Out of Service Days (Shipyards, Mobilizations, Demobilizations, Contract Preparation). Changes in estimated out of service time are noted where changes in the time Transocean anticipates that a rig is scheduled to be out of service and not be available to earn an operating dayrate have changed by a period of 15 days or longer for all rig classifications since the previously issued Monthly Fleet Update Summary or Comprehensive Fleet Status Report. The changes to estimated out of service time included in this Fleet Status may not be firm and could change significantly based on a variety of factors. Any significant changes to our estimates of out of service time will be reflected in subsequent Monthly Fleet Updates and Comprehensive Fleet Status Reports, as applicable.

Contract Preparation refers to periods during which the rig is undergoing modifications or upgrades as a result of contract requirements. Shipyards refers to periods during which the rig is out of service as a result of other scheduled shipyards, surveys, repairs, regulatory inspections or other scheduled service or work on the rig.

In some instances such as certain mobilizations, demobilizations, upgrades and shipyards, we are paid compensation by our customers that is generally recognized over the life of the primary contract term of the drilling project, although such compensation is not typically significant in relation to the revenues generated by the dayrates we charge our customers. When mobilization or demobilization occurs during a contract period, we recognize revenues as earned. In instances where mobilization or demobilization or a contract period, the stated estimated contract start date represents the expected commencement date for the primary contract term of the drilling project and the point at which we expect to begin recognizing revenues.

Forward-Looking Statement. The statements made in the Fleet Update that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements made in the Fleet Update include, but are not limited to, statements involving the estimated duration of customer contracts, contract dayrate amounts, future contract commencement dates and locations and planned shipyard projects and other out of service time. Such statements are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including but not limited to, uncertainties relating to the level of activity in offshore oil and gas exploration and development, exploration success by producers, oil and gas prices, competition and market conditions in the contract drilling industry, shipyard delays, actions and approvals of third parties, possible cancellation or suspension of drilling contracts as a result of mechanical difficulties or performance, Transocean's ability to enter into and the terms of future contracts, the availability of qualified personnel, labor relations and the outcome of negotiations with unions representing workers, operating hazards, factors affecting the duration of contracts including well-in-progress provisions, inherent in non-U.S. operations (including the risk of war, civil disturbance, seizure or damage of equipment and exchange and currency fluctuations), the impact of governmental laws and regulations, the adequacy of sources of liquidity, the effect of litigation and contingencies and other factors described above and discussed in Transocean's most recently filed Form 10-K, in Transocean's Forms 10-Q for subsequent periods and in Transocean's other filings with the SEC, which are available free of charge on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those indic

Fleet Classification. Transocean uses a rig classification for its semisubmersible rigs and drillships to reflect the company's strategic focus on the ownership and operation of premium, high specification floating rigs. The rig classification "High Specification Floaters" is comprised of "Ultra-Deepwater" which refers to the latest generation of semisubmersible rigs and drillships possessing the latest technical drilling capabilities and the ability to operate in water depths equal to or greater than 7,500 feet, "Deepwater" which refers to semisubmersible rigs and drillships that possess the ability to drill in water depths equal to or greater than 4,500 feet, and "Harsh Environment" comprised of seven of the company's premium harsh environment rigs, the semisubmersibles Transocean Barents, Transocean Spitsbergen, Henry Goodrich, Transocean Leader, Paul B. Loyd, Jr., Transocean Arctic and Polar Pioneer. The category titled "Midwater Floaters" represents semisubmersible rigs and drillships that possess the ability to drill in water depths of up to 4,499 feet. The category titled "High Specification Jackups" consists of high performance jackup rigs that possess the ability to drill in water depths of 400 feet or less.

Stacking. An "Idle" rig is between contracts, readily available for operations, and operating costs are typically at or near normal levels. A "Stacked" rig, on the other hand, is manned by a reduced crew or unmanned and typically has reduced operating costs and is (i) preparing for an extended period of inactivity, (ii) expected to continue to be inactive for an extended period, or (iii) completing a period of extended inactivity. However, stacked rigs will continue to incur operating costs at or above normal operating costs for 30 to 60 days following initiation of stacking.